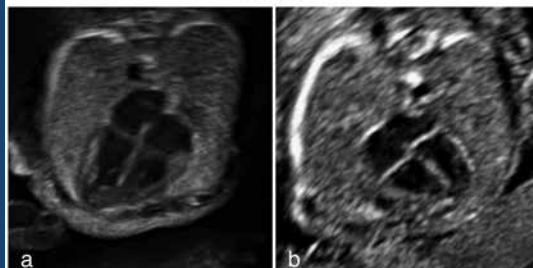
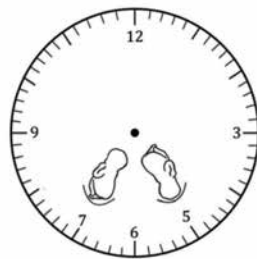




TURKISH-GERMAN GYNECOLOGICAL EDUCATION and RESEARCH FOUNDATION

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association



Volume 21
Issue 3
September

2020

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Printing Date: September 2020

ISSN: 1309-0399 E-ISSN: 1309-0380

International scientific journal published quarterly.

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Tedavide rahatlık için*

* Trivag Kısa Ürün Bilgisi

ÜRÜN ADI: TRIVAG 300 mg/200 mg/100 mg ovül FORMÜLÜ: Her bir ovül 300 mg tinidazol, 200 mg tiokonazol, 100 mg lidokain içerir. TERAPÖTİK ENDİKASYONLARI: Candida albicans'ın oluşturduğu kandidal vulvovajinit; Gardnerella vaginalis ve anaerob bakterilerin oluşturduğu bakteriyel vajinozis ve Trichomonas vaginalis'in oluşturduğu trikomonal vajinit ile mikst vajinal enfeksiyonların tedavisinde kullanılır. KULLANIM ŞEKLİ VE DOZU: Gece yatmadan önce bir ovül, 3 gün süreyle uygulanır. TRIVAG sırtüstü yatar pozisyonda, pakatin içindeki parmaklıkların yardımı ile vajin derinliğine uygulanmalıdır. İSTENMEYEN ETKİLER: Gücsüzlük, bitkinlik, halsizlik, baş ağrısı, bas dönmesi, ağzda metalik/acı tat, mide bulantısı, anoreksi, iştahsızlık, midede gaz toplanması, dispepsi, abdominal kramp, epigastrik rahatsızlık, kusma, konstipasyon, idrar renginde koyulaşma. GEBELİK VE LAKTASYON: Gebelik kategorisi C'dir. Tinidazol anne sütüne geçtiğinden emzirme döneminde tedavi sırasında bebek sütten kesilmelidir, tedavi bittikten 72 saat sonra emzirmeye devam edilmelidir. DİĞER TIBBİ ÜRÜNLERLE ETKİLEŞİMLER VE DİĞER ETKİLEŞİM ŞEKİLLERİ: Birlikte kullanıldığında tinidazolün emilmesine bağlı olarak etkileşim görülebilir; asenokumarol, anisikidon, dikumarol, fenindon, fenpropakumon, varfarin, kolestramin, simetidin, siklosporin, disülfram, fluorourasil, fofenitoin, ketokonazol, lityum, fenobarbitol, feritoin, rifampin, takrolimus, CYP3A4 indükleyicileri/inhibitörleri. Tiokonazolün emilmesine bağlı olarak etkileşim görülebilir; oksikodon, Lidokainin emilmesine bağlı olarak etkileşim görülebilir; propranolol, simetidin, antiaritmik ilaçlar, fenitoin veya barbitüratlar. KONTRENDİKASYONLARI: Bileşimindeki etkilere maddelere veya bunların türevlerine karşı aşırı duyarlılığı bulunanlarda, gebeliğin ilk üç ayında, emzirme döneminde, organik nörolojik bozukluğu bulunanlarda, kan dokuzaizi tablosu veya geçmesi bulunan hastalarda. ÖZEL KULLANIM UYARILARI VE ÖNLEMLERİ: Vajinal yoldan kullanılmamalıdır. Geçici kökopeni ve nöbropeni gelişebilir. Tedavi süresince ve tedavi bittikten 3 gün sonrasında kadar alkol alınmamalıdır. Cinsel olgunluğa erişmemiş kız çocuklarında ve bakirlerde kullanılmamalıdır. Kardiyovasküler hastalıklı olanlarda dikkatli kullanılmalıdır. Kontraseptif diyafram ve prezervatifle temas etmemelidir. Lidokain özellikle yüksek dozda ve geniş deri yüzeylerine, bilhassa da oklüzyon altında uygulandığında kalp ritim bozuklukları, nefes alma zorluğu, koma ve hatta ölüme yol açabilmektedir. Spermidiler, vajinal duşlar veya vajinal yoldan uygulanan diğer ürünlerle birlikte kullanılmamalıdır. Trikomonal vajinit vakalarında eş tedavisi de gereklidir. TİCARİ TAKDİM SEKLİ VE FİYATI: Trivag ovül (Ruhsat tarihi ve no: 29.09.2017-2017/742) 16,53 TL. (Fiyat Tarihi: Mayıs 2018) Ruhsat Sahibi: Bilim İlaç San. ve Tic. A.Ş. Son Güncelleme: Mayıs 2018. Reçeteli satılır. Daha geniş bilgi için "BİLİM İLAÇ SAN. ve TİC A.Ş. 34440 Beyoğlu-İSTANBUL" adresine başvurunuz. Ürünlerimiz ile ilgili advers olayları PHARMACOVIGILANCE@bilimilac.com adresine e-posta göndererek veya 0 212 365 1717 iletişim numarasını arayarak ürün güvenliği sorumlusuna bildirebilirsiniz.

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Dr. Dirk Wildemeersch
MD, PhD

1944 - 2018



Dr. Dirk Wildemeersch MD, PhD [1944-2018] gynecologist, scientist and the inventor of the frameless IUDs: Gynefix, GYN-CS, ReLARC, Fibroplant and Femilis CU & Femilis LNG (<https://www.wildemeersch.com/products/>).

Born in Belgium, he completed his medical training at the University of Ghent and graduated at the end of his internship in South Africa at Verwoerd University hospital in Pretoria and Tygerberg university hospital in Cape Town after which he started his gynecology practice.

In 1985, he commenced his research activities aimed to manage, develop and study innovative delivery technologies. His research goal was to find improved methods for prevention and treatment of gynaecological conditions, improvements to birth control methods and higher levels of safety, user acceptability and compliance. It was his mission to provide women with gynaecological solutions of the highest possible level of comfort, safety and quality of life, for which he continued researching new developments and technologies until he passed away in November 2018.

In 2015, Dr. Wildemeersch started a collaboration with several doctors and professors in Turkey. He gave presentations and training sessions to Turkish doctors and Universities in Istanbul, Ankara, Antalya and Izmir, amongst others. He also attended several congresses throughout Turkey.

Starting from 2016 until the present day, there are several clinical trials for his IUDs (Gazi University Ankara, Zeynep Kamil University Hospital, ...). Some of these studies have already gathered quite a bit of international interest with their publications:

Comparison of expulsions following intracerean placement of an innovative frameless copper-releasing IUD (Gyn-CS) versus the TCu380A: A randomized trial., Clinical experience with a novel anchored frameless copper-releasing contraceptive device (Gyn-CS) for intracerean insertion to prevent displacement and expulsion - A 3-month study.



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