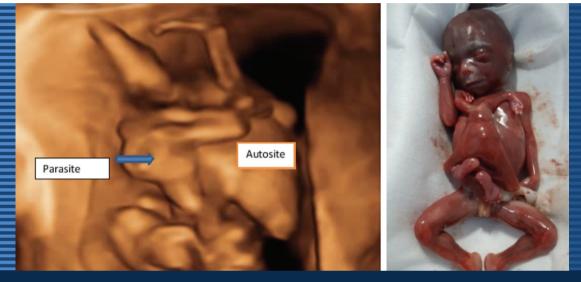




TURKISH-GERMAN GYNECOLOGICAL EDUCATION and RESEARCH FOUNDATION

## Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association



Cover Picture: Saravanan et al. Epigastric heteropagus twins

Residual or recurrent ovarian cancer: Difference in prognosis? John D. Spiliotis et al.; Athens, Thessaloniki, Piraeus, Patra, Greece

Stress, leptin, cortisol and pregnancy complications Soheila Rabiepour et al.; Urmia, Miandoab, Iran

Uncommon borderline ovarian tumours Dilek Yüksel et al.; Ankara, Turkey

Labor induction in women with unfavorable uterine cervices Firat Tülek et al.; Ankara, Turkey

Oocyte donations becoming a slippery slope path Pinar Tulay and Okan Atilan; Nicosia, Cyprus

Cadaveric training model for transobturator tape surgery *liker Selçuk et al.; Ankara, Turkey* 

*mTOR protein expression in granulosa cell tumors Onur Güralp et al.; Oldenburg, Germany, İstanbul, Turkey* 



and Web of Science

## 2019

Editors in Chief Cihat Ünlü Peter Mallmann

Editor Yaprak Engin-Üstün



Official Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation www.tajev.org Official Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association www.dtgg.de



AŞIRI UTERİN KANAMA'NIN TEDAVİSİNDE\*:

# FARKLI KADINLAR, FARKLI YAŞAMLAR, FARKLI GEREKSINIMLER

### Oral tedaviyi tercih eden anormal uterin kanamalı kadınlarda<sup>1</sup>



nabel Tragabile enditespentiae: foal sommessepson Oral kontrasentis kataname tadas kataname to data subare tarama tarawa tarama tarawa tarama subare tarama tarawa tarama tarawa tarama subare data subare tarama subare tarama tarawa tarawa subare tarama tarawa tarawa subare subare subare tarawa subare tarawa subare tarawa subare suba

Rahim içi sistem tercih eden anormal uterin kanamalı kadınlarda<sup>2</sup>



Endkaryonlari: Kontraseyson (gebeligi nöhemmesi). Jölyopatik menoraji. Estrogen replasman tedavis arasında endometriya opekelik gipises, Wearti ya da textrajan pekke inflamatuari instalik. At gental kanal endeksyon: Postpar endometri. Son 3 ay içinde endekt düşük Serveit, Servikal dapizi, Rahm ya da serviken habis tümörleri. Tan konsmyavon eğlümeriya ola and uru Akur kandiger hastalıkları veşa karacığer tumörli. Mirema<sup>\*</sup>min çerijene karşı obahicek şan düyatlık dururu. **Uyarlar /** Ohemme: Aşağıdaki durumla Akur kandiger hastalıkları veşa karacığer tumörli. Mirema<sup>\*</sup>min çerijene karşı obahicek şan düyatlık dururu. **Uyarlar /** Ohemme: Aşağıdaki durumla Mayen asimetrik görme kaybyla seyir eden tokal miyem ya da ğeşici beyin iskemisene yönelik başı durutu ya da sistemi oçkarılmak digin atarıyon yökemise, mene kanal makarı kizere formandı adışımluk gösteme mindir ya da tunal işingi süpler. Imme ya da myökarı dir arışı obahicekiğin göstemiştir, inkal sonçarı sıtatlıktel durak animi digiliri. Arakı: Homobr buğu ve beininen kizere tormanda bişin başladışı ya da vahiler kabı hastalığı dur. Homobr buğu ve beininen kizere tormanda bişi başladışı ya da vahiler kabı hastalığı dur. Homobr buğu ve beininen kizere tormanda bişi başladışı ya da vahiler kabı hastalışı ya takılıkları kabılı kabılık aşlatı başlatışı kabılı kabış kabışlatışı kabılıkları kabılık kabılı kabışı kabışlatışı kabılıkları kabılıkları kabışı mindir. Homobr buğu ve beininen min teksi kabışı hastalışı ya kabılı kabı hastalışı ya kabılıkları kabışı mindir. Homobr buğu ve beininen kabışı kabışlatışı kabılıkları kabışlatıkları kabışı kabışlatışı kabılıkları kabışı kabılı kabış kabışlatışı kabılıkları kabışlatışlatışı kabışlatışlatışı kabışlatışı kabışlatışlatışı kabışlatış kabışlatışlatışlatış kabışlat

\*Organik patoloji saptanmayan vakalarda

Referanslar: 1. Qlairista Kısa Ürün Bilgisi. 2. Mirena Kısa Ürün Bilgisi.

Daha fazla bilgi ve Kısa Ürün Bilgileri için https://www.bayer.com.tr/tr/urunler/a-dan-z-ye-urunler/ sayfasını ziyaret edebilirsiniz.

#### **Editors in Chief**

Cihat Ünlü Acıbadem University, İstanbul, Turkey D **ORCID:** orcid.org/0000-0001-5507-3993

Peter Mallmann University of Cologne, Köln, Germany ORCID: orcid.org/0000-0001-5612-9733

#### Editor

Yaprak Engin-Üstün University of Health Sciences, Ankara Etlik Zubeyde Hanım Women's Health and Research Center

D ORCID: orcid.org/0000-0002-1011-3848

#### **Associate Editors**

Eray Çalışkan Bahçeşehir University, İstanbul, Turkey

Cem Demirel Memorial Hospital, İstanbul, Turkey

A. Kubilay Ertan Klinikum Leverkusen, Leverkusen, Germany

Mete Güngör Acıbadem University, İstanbul, Turkey

Mehmet Faruk Köse Acıbadem University, Atakent Hospital, İstanbul, Turkey

Yavuz Emre Şükür Ankara University, Ankara, Turkey

#### **Statistical Consultant**

Murat Api Zeynep Kamil Maternity Hospital, İstanbul, Turkey

#### **Ethics Editor**

Emine Elif Vatanoğlu-Lutz Yeditepe University, İstanbul, Turkey

### **Editorial Board**

Mohammed Aboulghar Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt

Erkut Attar İstanbul University, İstanbul, Turkey

Ali Ayhan Başkent University, Ankara, Turkey

Ercan Baştu Acıbadem University, İstanbul, Turkey

Richard Berkowitz Columbia University, New York, USA

Serdar Bulun Northwestern Memorial Hospital, Chicago, IL, USA

Frank A. Chervenak Weill Cornell Medical College, New York, USA

Emine Çetin Praenatalzentrum Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

Thomas Ebner Landes-frauen-und Kinderklinik, Linz, Austria

Victor Gomel University of British Columbia, Vancouver, Canada

Bülent Gülekli Dokuz Eylül University, İzmir, Turkey Timur Gürgan Gürgan Clinic, Ankara, Turkey Safaa Al Hasani University of Lübeck, Lübeck, Germany Wolfgang Holzgreve University of Basel, Basel, Switzerland Mustafa Kara Bozok Univesity, Yozgat, Turkey Ates Karateke Medeniyet University Hospital, İstanbul, Turkey **Dieter Maas** Kinderwunsch Zentrum, Stuttgart, Germany **Liselotte Mettler** Kiel University, Kiel, Germany Mehmet Murat Naki Acıbadem University, Atakent Hospital, İstanbul, Turkey **Camran Nezhat** University of California, San Francisco, USA

Ceana Nezhat Nezhat Medical Center, Atlanta, USA

Farr Nezhat Cornell University, New York, USA

Kutluk Oktay New York Medical College, New York, USA

Fırat Ortaç Ankara University, Ankara, Turkey

Recai Pabuçcu Centrum Clinic, Ankara, Turkey

Özlem Pata Acıbadem University, İstanbul, Turkey

Antonio Pellicer University of Valencia, Valencia, Spain

Nadeem Abu Rustum Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, USA

Achim Schneider Charité University, Berlin, Germany

Jalid Sehouli Charité University, Berlin, Germany

Akın Sivaslıoğlu Muğla University, Muğla, Turkey

Michael Stark Helios Hospital, Berlin, Germany

John F. Steege University of North Carolina, North Caroline, USA H. Alper Tanrıverdi Adnan Menderes University, Aydın, Turkey Salih Taşkın Ankara University, Ankara, Turkey

Erol Tavmergen Ege University, İzmir, Turkey

Aydın Tekay University of Oulu, Oulu, Finland

Bülent Tıraş Acıbadem University, İstanbul, Turkey

Boris Tutschek Bern University, Bern, Switzerland

Bülent Urman American Hospital, İstanbul, Turkey

Yusuf Üstün Ankara Education and Research Hospital, Ankara, Turkey Klaus Vetter

Vivantes Klinikum, Berlin, Germany

Diethelm Wallwiener Universitäts-Frauenklinik Tübingen, Tübingen, Germany

Cemil Yaman General Hospital of Linz, Linz, Austria

Gazi Yıldırım Yeditepe University, İstanbul, Turkey

#### **Editorial Office**

Address: Abdi İpekçi Cad. 2/7 34367 Nişantaşı, İstanbul-Turkey Phone: +90 212 241 45 45 Fax: +90 212 241 44 08 E-mail: tajev@tajev.org



Official Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation www.tajev.org



Official Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association www.dtgg.de

Owned by on behalf of the Turkish German Gynecology Education, Research Foundation / Türk Alman Jinekoloji Eğitim Araştırma ve Hizmet Vakfı adına sahibi: M. Cihat Ünlü Published by Turkish German Gynecology Education, Research Foundation / Türk Alman Jinekoloji Eğitim Araştırma ve Abdi İpekçi Cad. 2/7 34367 Nişantaşı, İstanbul, Turkey



Galenos Publishing House Owner and Publisher Derya Mor Erkan Mor Publication Coordinator Burak Sever Web Coordinators Fuat Hocalar

Graphics Department Ayda Alaca Çiğdem Birinci Gülşah Özgül

Turgay Akpinar

Project Coordinators Günay Selimoğlu Hatice Sever

Project Assistants Duygu Yıldırım Gamze Aksoy Melike Eren Saliha Tuğçe Evin

Research&Development Mert Can Köse Mevlüde Özlem Akgüney

Finance Coordinator Sevinç Çakmak Publisher Contact Address: Molla Gürani Mah. Kaçamak Sk. No: 21/1 34093 İstanbul, Turkey Phone: +90 (212) 621 99 25 Fax: +90 (212) 621 99 27 E-mail: info@galenos.com.tr/yayin@galenos.com.tr Web: www.galenos.com.tr Publisher Certificate Number: 14521 Printing at: Üniform Basım San. ve Turizm Ltd. Şti. Matbaacılar Sanayi

Sitesi 1. Cad. No: 114 34204 Bağcılar, İstanbul, Turkey Phone: +90 (212) 429 10 00 Certificate Number: 42419 Printing Date: November 2019 ISSN: 1309-0399 E-ISSN: 1309-0380 International scientific journal published quarterly.

### Aims and Scope

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association is the official, open access publication of the Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation and Turkish-German Gynecological Association and is published quarterly on March, June, September and December. It is an independent peer-reviewed international journal printed in English language. Manuscripts are reviewed in accordance with "double-blind peer review" process for both reviewers and authors.

The target audience of Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association includes gynecologists and primary care physicians interested in gynecology practice. It publishes original works on all aspects of obstertrics and gynecology. The aim of Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association is to publish high quality original research articles. In addition to research articles, reviews, editorials, letters to the editor, diagnostic puzzle are also published. Suggestions for new books are also welcomed. Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association does not charge any fee for article submission or processing.

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association is indexed in PubMed Central, Thomson Reuters – Emerging Sources Citation Index, EMBASE, Scopus, CINAHL, Gale/Cengage Learning, EBSCO, ProQuest, Index Copernicus, ROOT INDEXING, J-GATE, TÜBİTAK ULAKBİM TR Index, Türk Medline, Idealonline and Turkiye Citation Index.

#### **Open Access Policy**

This journal provides immediate open access to its content on the principle that making research freely available to the public supporting a greater global exchange of knowledge.

Open Access Policy is based on rules of Budapest Open Access Initiative (BOAI) http://www.budapestopenaccessinitiative.org/. By "open access" to [peer-reviewed research literature], we mean its free availability on the public internet, permitting any users to read, download, copy, distribute, print, search, or link to the full texts of these articles, crawl them for indexing, pass them as data to software, or use them for any other lawful purpose, without financial, legal, or technical barriers other than those inseparable from gaining access to the internet itself. The only constraint on reproduction and distribution, and the only role for copyright in this domain, is right of authors to retain control over the integrity of their work and the right to be properly acknowledged and cited.

#### **Subscription Information**

Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association is distributed free of charge to all physicians, specialists in gynecology field. For subscription please contact Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation at www.jtgga.org. The access to tables of contents, abstracts and full texts of all articles published since 2000 are free to all readers via the journal's webpage. Visit the journal's home pages for details of the aims and scope and instruction to authors.

#### Permission

Permission, required for use any published under CC BY-NC-ND license with commercial purposes (selling, etc.) to protect copyright owner and author rights, may be obtained from the Editorial Office: Editor: Cihat Ünlü, M.D. Address: Abdi İpekçi Cad. 2/7 34367 Nişantaşı-İstanbul-Turkey Phone: +90 212 241 45 45 Fax: +90 212 241 44 08 E-mail: tajev@tajev.org

#### Advertising

Enquiries concerning advertisements should be addressed to Editorial Office: Editor: Cihat Ünlü, M.D. Address: Abdi İpekçi Cad. 2/7 34367 Nişantaşı-İstanbul-Turkey Phone: +90 212 241 45 45 Fax: +90 212 241 44 08 E-mail: tajev@tajev.org Instructions for Authors Instructions for authors page at the journal is available in the journal content and at www.jtgga.org.

#### **Disclaimer**

The statements and opinions contained in the articles of the Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association are solely those of the individual authors and contributors not of the Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation, Turkish-German Gynecological Association, Turkish Society of Reproductive Medicine, Editorial Board or Galenos.

The journal is printed on acid-free paper.



### Instructions for Authors

The 'Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association'' (ISSN 1309-0399; Abbreviated as "J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc") is the official, open access publication of the Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation and the Turkish-German Gynecological Association. Formerly named "ARTEMIS", the journal is published quarterly (March, June, September, December) in English and publishes original peer-reviewed articles, reviews, and commentaries in the fields of Gynecology, Gynecologic Oncology, Endocrinology & Reproductive Medicine and Obstetrics. Case reports are not accepted for publication. Reviews will be considered for publication only if they are prepared by authors who have at least three published manuscripts in international peer reviewed journals and these studies should be cited in the review. Otherwise only invited reviews will be considered for peer review from qualified experts in the area.

The "Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association" is a peer reviewed journal and adheres to the highest ethical and editorial standards. The Editorial Board of the journal endorses the editorial policy statements approved by the WAME Board of Directors. The journal is in compliance with the Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals published by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (updated December 2016, www.icmje.org). The editors also adhere to the Committee on Publications Ethics (COPE) recommendations (http://publicationethics.org).

#### Submission of Manuscripts

All manuscripts must be submitted via the self explanatory online submission system which is available through the journal's web page at www.jtgga.org. Manuscripts submitted via any other medium will not be evaluated. During the submission please make sure to provide all requested information to prevent any possible delays in the evaluation process.

The main document and the tables, should be prepared with "Microsoft Office Word software". Times New Roman font (size 12) should be used throughout the main document with 1.5 line spacing. The side margins of the main document should be set at 25 mm from all sides.

The ORCID (Open Researcher and Contributor ID) number of the all authors should be provided while sending the manuscript. A free registration can be done at http://orcid.org.

The figures should be submitted separately through the submission system in .JPG of .TIFF format. Please do not embed the figures in the main document. Make sure that the minimum resolution of each submitted figure is 300 DPI.

A cover letter and a title page should be provided with all submissions. It should be stated in the cover letter that the manuscript was not previously published in any other publication, that it is not accepted for publication in another publication and that it is not under review for possible publication elsewhere. Before completing your submission, please make sure to check the PDF proof of your manuscript which will be generated by the manuscript submission system and make sure that all items of the submission are displayed correctly.

Authors who have any queries regarding the submission process can contact the journal's editorial office:

#### Editorial Office:

Abdi İpekçi Caddesi 2/7 Nişantaşı, İstanbul / Turkey +90 212 217 17 00

scholarone@jtgga.org

#### **Editorial Policies**

All manuscripts will be evaluated by the editorial board for their scientific contribution, originality and content. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of the data presented in their manuscript. The journal retains the right to make appropriate changes on the grammar and language of the manuscript when needed. When suitable the manuscript will be send to the corresponding author for revision. The manuscript, if accepted for publication, will become the property of the journal and copyright will be taken out in the name of the journal. All manuscripts submitted to the journal for publication are checked by Crossref Similarity Check powered by iThenticate software for plagiarism. If plagiarism is detected, relevant institutions may be notified. In this case, the authors might be asked to disclose their raw data to relevant institutions.

#### **Peer-Review Process**

Each manuscript submitted to Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association is subject to an initial review by the editorial office in order to determine if it is aligned with the journal's aims and scope, and complies with essential requirements. Manuscripts sent for peer review will be assigned to one of the journal's associate editors that has expertise relevant to the manuscript's content. All accepted manuscripts are sent to a statistical and English language editor before publishing. Once papers have been reviewed, the reviewers' comments are sent to the Editor, who will then make a preliminary decision on the paper. At this stage, based on the feedback from reviewers, manuscripts can be accepted, rejected, or revisions can be recommended. Following initial peer-review, articles judged worthy of further consideration often require revision. Revised manuscripts generally must be received within 3 months of the date of the initial decision. Extensions must be requested from the Associate Editor at least 2 weeks before the 3-month revision deadline expires; Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association will reject manuscripts that are not received within the 3-month revision deadline. Manuscripts with extensive revision recommendations will be sent for further review (usually by the same reviewers) upon their re-submission. When a manuscript is finally accepted for publication, the Technical Editor undertakes a final edit and a marked-up copy will be e-mailed to the corresponding author for review and to make any final adjustments.

### Instructions for Authors

Full text of all articles can be downloaded at the web site of the journal www.jtgga.org.

#### **Preparation of Manuscripts**

The "Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association" follows the "Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing, and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals" (International Committee of Medical Journal Editors - http://www.icmje.org/). Upon submission of the manuscript, authors are to indicate the type of trial/ research and provide the checklist of the following guidelines when appropriate:

CONSORT statement for randomized controlled trials (Moher D, Schultz KF, Altman D, for the CONSORT Group. The CONSORT statement revised recommendations for improving the quality of reports of parallel group randomized trials. JAMA 2001; 285: 1987-91) (http:// www.consort-statement.org/),

PRISMA for preferred reporting items for systematic reviews and metaanalyses (Moher D, Liberati A, Tetzlaff J, Altman DG, The PRISMA Group. Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses: The PRISMA Statement. PLoS Med 2009; 6(7): e1000097.) (http://www. prisma-statement.org/),

STARD checklist for the reporting of studies of diagnostic accuracy (Bossuyt PM, Reitsma JB, Bruns DE, Gatsonis CA, Glasziou PP, Irwig LM, et al, for the STARD Group. Towards complete and accurate reporting of studies of diagnostic accuracy: the STARD initiative. Ann Intern Med 2003;138:40-4.) (http://www.stard-statement.org/),

STROBE statement-checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies (http://www.strobe-statement.org/),

MOOSE guidelines for meta-analysis and systemic reviews of observational studies (Stroup DF, Berlin JA, Morton SC, et al. Metaanalysis of observational studies in epidemiology: a proposal for reporting Meta-analysis of observational Studies in Epidemiology (MOOSE) group. JAMA 2000; 283: 2008-12).

#### **Human and Animal Studies**

Manuscripts submitted for publication must contain a statement to the effect that all human studies have been reviewed by the appropriate ethics committee and have therefore been performed in accordance with the ethical standards described in an appropriate version of the 1964 Declaration of Helsinki, as revised in 2013. It should also be stated clearly in the text that all persons gave their informed consent prior to their inclusion in the study. Details that might disclose the identity of the subjects under study should be omitted. Experimental animal studies should be presented with the disclosure of the appropriateness to the institutional/national/international ethical guides on care and use of laboratory animals.

In experimental animal studies, the authors should indicate that the procedures followed were in accordance with animal rights as per the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals (http://oacu.

od.nih.gov/regs/guide/guide.pdf) and they should obtain animal ethics committee approval.

The editors reserve the right to reject manuscripts that do not comply with the above-mentioned requirements. The author will be held responsible for false statements or for failure to fulfil the above mentioned requirements.

In a cover letter the authors should state if any of the material in the manuscript is submitted or planned for publication elsewhere in any form including electronic media. The cover letter must contain address, telephone, fax and the e-mail address of the corresponding author.

#### **Conflict of Interest**

Authors must state whether or not there is the absence or presence of a conflict of interest. They must indicate whether or not they have a financial relationship with the organization that sponsored the research. They should also state that they have had full control of all primary data and that they agree to allow the Journal to review their data if requested. Therefore manuscripts should be accompanied by the "Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form." The form can be obtained from the journal webpage (www.jtgga.org).

#### Copyright

The author(s) transfer(s) the copyright to his/their article to the Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association effective if and when the article is accepted for publication. The copyright covers the exclusive and unlimited rights to reproduce and distribute the article in any form of reproduction (printing, electronic media or any other form); it also covers translation rights for all languages and countries. For U.S. authors the copyright is transferred to the extent transferable.

Submissions must be accompanied by the "Copyright Transfer Statement". The form is available for download on the journal's manuscript submission and evaluation site. The copyright transfer form should be signed by all contributing authors and a scanned version of the wet signed document should be submitted.

#### **COPYRIGHT TRANSFER FORM**

#### **Manuscript Specifications**

Submissions should have the following parts.

#### **Title Page**

A separate title page should be submitted with all submissions and should include the title of the article, name(s), affiliations and major degree(s) of the author(s) and source(s) of the work or study, a short title (running head) of no more than 50 characters. The name, address, telephone (including the mobile phone number) and fax numbers and e-mail address of the corresponding author should be listed on the title page.

### Instructions for Authors

#### Abstract

All manuscripts should be accompanied by an abstract. A structured abstract is required with original articles and it should include the following subheadings: Objective, Material and Methods, Results and Conclusion. A structured abstract is not required with review articles. The abstract should be limited to 250 words for original articles and review articles.

#### **Keywords**

Below the abstract provide 3 to 5 Keywords. Abbreviations should not be used as Keywords. Keywords should be picked from the Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) list (www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser. html).

Original manuscripts should have the following sections.

#### Introduction

State concisely the purpose and rationale for the study and cite only the most pertinent references as background.

#### **Material and Methods**

Describe the plan, the patients, experimental animals, material and controls, the methods and procedures utilized, and the statistical method(s) employed. In addition to the normal peer review procedure, all randomized controlled trials (RCTs) submitted to the journal are sent to members of a team of professional medical statisticians for reviewing.

Address "Institutional Review Board" issues as stated above. State the generic names of the drugs with the name and country of the manufactures. Provide information on informed consent and ethics committee approval.

#### Results

Present the detailed findings supported with statistical methods. Figures and tables should supplement, not duplicate the text; presentation of data in either one or the other will suffice. Emphasize only your important observations; do not compare your observations with those of others. Such comparisons and comments are reserved for the discussion section.

#### Discussion

State the importance and significance of your findings but do not repeat the details given in the Results section. Limit your opinions to those strictly indicated by the facts in your report. Compare your finding with those of others. Provide information on the limitations and strengths of the study. No new data are to be presented in this section.

Reviews must contain the section with critical evaluation and inefficiacy of evidences and explanations to guide further studies in the end.

#### References

Number references in Arabic numerals consecutively in the order in which they are mentioned in the text starting with number "1". Use

the form of the "Uniform Requirements for Manuscript Submitted to Biomedical Journals" (http://www.amaassn.org/public/peer/wame/ uniform.htm). If number of authors exceeds seven, list first 6 authors followed by et al.

Journal titles should conform to the abbreviations used in "Cumulated Index Medicus".

#### Examples:

#### Journals;

Harrington K, Cooper D, Lees C, Hecher K, Campbell S. Doppler ultrasound of the uterine arteries: the importance of bilateral notching in the prediction of preeclampsia, placental abruption or delivery of a small-for-gestational-age baby. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol 1996; 7: 182-8.

#### Book chapter;

Ertan AK, Tanriverdi HA, Schmidt W. Doppler Sonography in Obstetrics. In: Kurjak A, Chervenak FA, editors. Ian Donald School Textbook of Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology. New Delhi, India: Jaypee Brothers; 2003. p. 395-421.

#### Book;

Kohler G; Egelkraut H. In Kohler G and Egelkraut H (edts).Munchener Funktionelle Entwicklungsdiagnostik im zweitem und drittem Lebensjahr. Handanweisung. Munchen: Uni Munchen, Institut fur Soziale Paediatrie und Jugendmedizin; 1984.

**Review Article:** Review articles are comprehensive analyses of specific topics in medicine. All review articles will undergo peer review prior to acceptance. Review articles must not exceed 5000 words for the main text (excluding references, tables, and figure legends) and 400 words for the abstract. A review article can be signed by no more than 5 authors and can have no more than 80 references. Also there should be references to authors' own two works.

**Editorial:** Editorials are a brief remark on an article published in the journal by the reviewer of the article or by a relevant authority. Most comments are invited by the Editor-in-Chief but spontaneous comments are welcome. It must not exceed 700 words (excluding references). An abstract is not required with this type of manuscripts. It can have no more than 15 references and 1 figure or table.

**Letter to the Editor:** Letters in reference to a journal article must not exceed 500 words (excluding references). Letters not related to a journal article must also not exceed 500 words (excluding references). An abstract is not required with this type of manuscripts. A letter can be signed by no more than 4 authors and can have no more than 5 references and 1 figure or table.

#### **Tables and Figures**

Tables should be included in the main document after the reference list. Color figures or gray-scale images must be at minimum 300 DPI resolution. Figures should be submitted in "\*.tiff", "\*.jpg" or "\*.pdf" format and should not be embedded in the main document. Tables

### Instructions for Authors

and figures consecutively in the order they are referred to within the main text. Each table must have a title indicating the purpose or content of the table. Do not use internal horizontal and vertical rules. Place explanatory matter in footnotes, not in the heading. Explain all abbreviations used in each table in footnotes. Each figure must have an accompanying descriptive legend defining abbreviations or symbols found in the figure. If photographs of people are used, the subjects must be unidentifiable and the subjects must have provided written permission to use the photograph. There is no charge for color illustrations.

#### **Units of Measurement and Abbreviations**

Units of measurement should be in Système International (SI) units. Abbreviations should be avoided in the title. Use only standard abbreviations. If abbreviations are used in the text, they should be defined in the text when first used.

#### Revisions

Revisions will be sent to the corresponding author. Revisions must be returned as quickly as possible in order not to delay publication. Deadline for the return of revisions is 30 days. The editorial board retains the right to decline manuscripts from review if authors' response delays beyond 30 days. All reviewers' comments should be addressed and a revision note containing the author's responses to the reviewers' comments should be submitted with the revised manuscript. An annotated copy of the main document should be submitted with revisions. The Editors have the right to withdraw or retract the paper from the scientific literature in case of proven allegations of misconduct. The second plagiarism check will be made after revision.

#### **Accepted Articles**

#### **Epub Ahead of Print**

The abstract of the accepted manuscripts will be shown in PubMed as "Epub ahead of print".

An "Epub ahead of print" signifies that the electronic version of an article has been published online (at PubMed and the journal's website www.jtgga.org), but that the print version of the article has not yet been published.

If an article was published online ahead of print, the date it was published online, along with the digital object identifier (DOI) to ensure that all article versions can be identified, should follow the acceptance date footnote (or, if the journal does not publish the acceptance date, it should be placed first).

Journal and Society Web sites:

www.dtgg.de (Deutsch-Türkische Gynäkologengeselleschaft)

#### www.tajev.org

(Turkish-German Gynecological Education and Research Foundation)

#### www.jtgga.org

(Journal of the Turkish-German Gynecological Association)

- Citation of published manuscripts in J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc should be as follows: Tews G, Ebner T, Sommergruber M, Marianne M, Omar S. Ectopic Pregnancy in the Assisted Reproduction. J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc 2004; 5: 59-62.

- The Journal name should be abbreviated as "J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc"

© All rights of the articles published in J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc (Formerly "Artemis") are reserved by the Turkish-German Gynecological Association.

3 Ovül

300 mg/200 mg/100 mg Tinidazol Tiokonazol Lidokain

Candida albicans'ın oluşturduğu Kandidal vulvovajinit,

Gardnerella vaginalis ve anaerob bakterilerin oluşturduğu Bakteriyel vajinozis,

Trichomonas vaginalis'in oluşturduğu Trikomonal vajinit,

Mikst vajinal enfeksiyonların

ampirik tedavisinde tek form ile etkilidir.\*

## And the second s 3 Ovül **O** 300 mg/200 mg/100 mg **Spilim** Tinidazol/Tiokonazol/Lidokain



Trivaq Kısa Ürün Bilgisi

• Trivag Kisa Ürün Bilgisi ÜRÜN ADI: TRİVAĞ 300 mg/200 mg/100 mg ovül FORMÜLÜ: Her bir ovül 300 mg tinidazol, 200 mg tiokonazol, 100 mg lidokain içerir. TERAPÖTİK ENDİKASYONLAR: Candida albicans'ın oluşturduğu kandidal vulvovajinit; Gardnerella vaginalis ve anaerob bakterilerin oluşturduğu bakteriyel vajinoz ve Trichomonas vaginalis'in oluşturduğu trikomonal vajinit ile mikst vajinal enfeksiyonların tedavisinde kullanılır. KULLANIM ŞEKLİ VE DOZU: Gece yatmadan önce bir ovül, 3 gün süreyle uygulanır. TRİVAĞ sırtlistü yatar pozisyonda, paketin içindeki parmaklıkların yardımı ile vajen derinliğine uygulanmalıdır. ISTEMMEYEN ETKLER: Güçsüzlük, bitkinlik, halsizlik, baş ağnıs, baş dönmesi, ağızda metalik/aci tat, indie bulantus, anoreksi, iştahıszlık, mildede gaz toplanması, dispeşeşi, abdomiani kıranıp, epigatikir tanatızlık, kusma, konstipasyon, idar renginde koyulasma. GEBELİK VE LAKTASYON: Geblik kategorini, edevil anne süünge eçetiğinden enzirme döneminde tedavi sırasında bebek sütten kesilimeldir, tedavi bittikten 72 saat sonra emzirmeye devam edilinendir. DİĞER TIBBİ ÜPÜNLERLE ETKİLEŞİM ŞEKİLLERİ: Bilikite kullanıldığında tinidazolia nemilmesine bağlı olarak etkileşim görülebilir; sasenokumarol, anlsindion, dinumarol, fenindion, fenprokumon, varfarin, kolestiramin, simetidin, siklosporin, disülfaran, fluoroursali, fosfenitolin, ketokonazol, lityum, fenobarbital, fenitolin ve parbituratar. KONTRENDİKASYONLARİ: Bileşimindeki etkin maddelere veya bunların türevlerine karşı aşın düyarlığı bulunanılarda, gebeliğin ik üç ayında, emzirme döneminde, organik nörolojik bozukluğu bulunanıladır. Gerci Bikkopeni ve nötkopen güvenliliği sorumlusuna bildirebilirsiniz





### Contents

### **ORIGINAL INVESTIGATIONS**

- 213 Secondary debulking for ovarian carcinoma relapse: The R-R dilemma is the prognosis different for residual or recurrent disease? John D. Spiliotis, Christos Iavazzo, Nikolaos D. Kopanakis, Athina Christopoulou; Athens, Thessaloniki, Piraeus, Patra, Greece
- 218 The relationship between stress during pregnancy with leptin and cortisol blood concentrations and complications of pregnancy in the mother *Soheila Rabiepour, Ehsan Saboory, Maryam Abedi; Urmia, Miandoab, Iran*
- 224 Uncommon borderline ovarian tumours: A clinicopathologic study of seventeen patients Dilek Yüksel, Caner Çakır, Günsu Kimyon Cömert, Çiğdem Kılıç, Yasin Durmuş, Nurettin Boran, Gökhan Boyraz, Alper Karalök, Taner Turan; Ankara, Turkey
- 231 Double balloon catheters: A promising tool for induction of labor in multiparous women with unfavorable cervices *Firat Tülek, Ali Gemici, Feride Söylemez; Ankara, Turkey*
- 236 Oocyte donors' awareness on donation procedure and risks: A call for developing guidelines for health tourism in oocyte donation programmes *Pinar Tulay, Okan Atilan; Nicosia, Cyprus*
- 243 The effect of cadaveric hands-on training model on surgical skills and confidence for transobturator tape surgery *ilker Selcuk, İlkan Tatar, Emre Huri; Ankara, Turkey*
- 247 The mammalian target of rapamycin protein expression in human granulosa cell tumors Onur Güralp, Tugan Bese, Gamze Bildik, Fuat Demikiran, Ümit İnce, Eduard Malik, Macit Arvas, Özgür Öktem; Oldenburg, Germany, İstanbul, Turkey

### REVIEWS

- 255 Polycystic ovarian syndrome: Environmental/occupational, lifestyle factors; an overview *Chaoba Kshetrimayum, Anupama Sharma, Vineet Vashistha Mishra, Sunil Kumar; Ahmedabad, India*
- 264 Oral care in pregnancy Zeynep Yenen, Tijen Ataçağ; Kyrenia, Cyprus

### QUIZ

269 What is your diagnosis? Nanthini Saravanan, Liji Sarah David, Reeta Vijayaselvi, Dipti Masih, Manisha Madhai Beck; Vellore, South India

### VIDEO ARTICLE

272 Tips and tricks for laparoscopic interval transabdominal cervical cerclage; a simplified technique *Yavuz Emre Şükür, Ertan Sandoğan; Ankara, Turkey, London, United Kingdom* 

#### 275 ERRATUM

INDEX

2019 Referee Index 2019 Subject Index 2019 Author Index





## I.M./S.C. Enjeksiyonluk Çözelti **Progestan Dex Progesteron** 25 mg / 1 mL



Anticipated American Andrew Construction of the state of Steril 7 Ampul Progestan Dex 25 mg/1 mL I.M./S.C. Enjeksiyonluk Çözelti

Progesteron I.M. ve S.C. uygulama içindir

KOÇAK FARMA

PSGSTAN DEX 25 mg / 1 ml Lm / s.c. enjeksyonluk çözeti KSA ÜRÜN BLGSI: KALITATE VE KANTTATE BLESM: Etkin maddeler): Her bir flakon (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (1 ml.) 25 mg progesteron közeti arksö (2 ml.) 20 ml. 20 ml. 20 ml.) 25 mg progesteron i permektedir. Vardiner maddeler): Hiro közeti arksö (2 ml.) 20 ml. 20 ml. 20 ml.) 20 ml. 2





## **MOST CITED AND MOST VIEWED ARTICLES**

Dear Readers,

We would like to present our most cited and most viewed articles on different platforms, like our website, Web of Science, Scopus and PubMed.

### Website



Frozen embryo transfer prevents the detrimental effect of high estrogen on endometrium receptivity by Aynur Adeviye Erşahin, Mustafa Acet, Suat Süphan Erşahin, Nur Dokuzeylül Güngör

#### Web of Science



Impact of obesity on infertility in women by Zeynep Özcan Dağ, Berna Dilbaz

#### **Scopus**



Impact of obesity on infertility in women by Zeynep Özcan Dağ, Berna Dilbaz

#### **PubMed**



Placental location and pregnancy outcome by Shumaila Zia





**Editor-in-Chief** Cihat Ünlü Peter Mallmann

**b Editors** Yaprak Engin-Üstün